

A LIVE-WIRE NEWSPAPER --- WITHOUT DOUBT THE BRIGHTEST AND BEST APPEARING COUNTRY WEEKLY PUBLISHED IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA

PROGRESS ON THE SOUTH MACLEOD IRRIGATION DISTRICT NOW UP TO THE EXCESS LAND OWNERS

The South Macleod Irrigation Project is now at the stage where progress depends personally on those land-owners in the district whose holdings are larger than they can finance. The provincial government is without doubt sincere in their mandate that the bonds will not be guaranteed by the government until such time as a reasonable prospect of colonization is assured. In all probability the government would consider the listing for sale at a reasonable price of all lands which owners hold in excess of what they have a reasonable prospect of financing, to constitute "a reasonable prospect of colonization." Certainly unless such lands are listed with the Irrigation Council for sale at fair prices and in their entirety to enable

the provincial government through the Irrigation Council to proceed with their colonization program there is little hope of the guarantee and sale of the bonds at an early date—and with such listings made it is within the scope of possibility that the guarantee of the bonds might be made on the basis of listings alone and in that event the actual work on the project might be started this year.

In any event the fact remains that from now on the progress of the South Macleod Irrigation District depends entirely upon the complete listing for sale of all lands within its confines that are in excess of their holders' ability to finance and in view of this situation it is incumbent on every person in the district to AT ONCE list

his or her excess lands with the government at a reasonable price and thus ensure a speedy guarantee of the bonds and completion of the project which will realize the hope of assurance for this district.

Logical Argument

There is no market at any price for land in this district without the assurance of irrigation—there can be no assurance of irrigation according to government mandate without a reasonable prospect of colonization—a reasonable prospect of colonization can only be obtained by listing lands with the government at a fair price and co-operation with the government in its efficient selling campaign—therefore—list your lands at once—

don't delay the game.

In connection with the government colonization program it may be stated that the government has appointed James Colley, who formerly had charge of the colonization of C.P.R. Irrigated Lands, as secretary of the colonization work of the Irrigation Council for both South Macleod District and also for the Lethbridge North and his salary is paid by the government—and not from the listing fee fund—which latter fund is used exclusively for advertising the listed lands for sale. Also it may be stated that the South Macleod Irrigation District Board of Trustees or their secretary does not have access to nor does one cent of this fund accrue to them in any way whatever.

VETERANS' APPEAL FOR MEMBERSHIP

Whether the Macleod G. W. V. A.

will be able to carry on or not will depend largely on the support given by those who are entitled to membership within its ranks. It is a well-known fact that ever since its conception the association has generously directed its activities towards War Widows, Soldiers' Dependents and Veterans regardless of any connection with the Association. The G. W. V. A. feels that its record of achievements must strongly appeal to all who served and are eligible for membership. The Executive of the Local Branch wishes to appeal to all returned soldiers to join the association on the grounds that it is only fair for all to share in the responsibility of maintaining the activities of the organization. Records show that while there are approximately 50,000 Veterans in Alberta only half that number have paid membership dues. For a small annual membership fee of \$2.00 the greatest organization of veterans in Canada has conducted its self-appointed task and can with honesty point with pride to achievements as follows:—Obtained 50% increase in pension after repeated effort, obtained concessions for amputation and T. B. cases, secured Government Insurance for Veterans and War Widows, obtained numerous amendments to Soldiers' Settlement Act and Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment regulations, secured increased clothing allowances on discharge, secured increases in pay for vocational students, men under treatment and pensioners being re-boarded, secured refunds of transportation for depend-

ents, secured many concessions for men of the Imperial army and their dependents who resided in Canada previous to the war, assisted veterans and their dependents when in distress by financial loans and grants, obtained legislation to insure that no pensioner would have to be buried by a charitable organization, arranged funerals for all deceased comrades, made every possible effort to insure that no dependents of soldiers shall be exposed to undue suffering through their breadwinners service. In addition to the above the G. W. V. A. provides club rooms throughout the Dominion where a veteran is always assured of a warm welcome and any advice or assistance he may be in need of. All soldiers while serving were willing to give a helping hand to any comrade who through wounds or other misfortune required it and that spirit maintains in the Association today. Every surviving veteran has a sacred duty to perform. Those who cannot spare the time to give personal service can still extend very real support by joining the G. W. V. A., and with their membership fees assist in maintaining the organization financially. The Local Association appeals to every Veteran in the Macleod district to join the association and ensure that everything possible is being done to assist the men who gave when their country called. The work must be carried on. \$2.00 will bring all previous members into good standing, outstanding dues rescinded.

EXECUTIVE G.W.V.A.
Macleod.

Does the fact that a man is a teetotaler disqualify him from high literature, either as a reader of it or as a writer? Sir Arthur Quiller-Couch noted authority, says emphatically that that it does. George Bernard Shaw, vegetarian and teetotaler and with some small reputation as a creator of literature, says with equal emphasis that it does not. He modestly cites himself as proof thereof, and as an afterthought, mentions Shelley. Says Shaw: "If Quiller-Couch asserted that alcohol can add a single inch of gray matter to the brain, then I want to know how much he had when he said it." Other authors have joined in the discussion, and as is usual, indeed inevitable in any company, Shaw finds himself in a minority. The number of English writers who are total abstainers must be insignificant. On the other hand there must be few who are drunkards, for there seems to be no question that when a man becomes a drunkard his ability to produce sound literature has departed.

The Model Garland

Some American authors have given their views, Gertrude Atherton, Robert Chambers, Irvin Cobb, Charles Hanson Towne, Samuel Hopkins Adams and Hamlin Garland being the best known of them. Mr. Garland stands stoutly with Shaw. He says he does not drink, chew or smoke and has never been in a saloon in his life. He says that all the stimulation he desires he can get from a biscuit and a cup of coffee, and he does not believe that other authors need the stimulus of alcohol. It is merely a delusion that has come down from the Grub Street days, a survival of the tales of the Mermaid Inn. "A man's ability to write," he said, "depends on his own endowment of brains and his special faculty for expression. If he is gifted in the line of letters he can write whether he drinks or not. But he can do better work if he does not drink. He will write well, not because he drinks, but in spite of the fact that he drinks."

They All Drink

The other authors all side with Quiller-Couch. Cobb, Towne and Adams emphatically, and Gertrude Atherton and Robert Chambers with more reserve. Mr. Adams says flatly that he cannot think of a single writer who doesn't drink, at least in moderation. Writers do not drink while they are working; very few of them are able to do that and remain on the list of active producers. He was also unable to recall any early American writers who were teetotalers. Says Mr. Adams: "Alcohol adds to the misery of the world—but to be fair-minded we must also concede that it also adds to the joy and the beauty of living. The creative artist is inevitably committed to everything concerned with beauty. He loves music and painting. In much the same way he can love drinking. It opens up new and pleasant vistas. It enriches and colors life for him."

Writers Need Stimulus

Mrs. Atherton says one cannot generalize on the liquor question. She thinks that most people who write need some sort of bracer at some time or another. Shaw's best work was done when he was a vigorous man. Had he acquired the habit of taking an occasional shot of something when his bodily powers began to fail it is probable enough he would not have written "Back to Methuselah," which has bewildered and angered and bored all but the regular Shaw disciples who have read it. In the preface Shaw admitted that he was slipping a little, but obviously he did not admit enough. Mrs. Atherton is in favor of an occasional tonic for writers and non-writers. If some find that the best tonic for them is a drink of liquor, they are the proper judges. Mrs. Atherton herself is no hard drinker. Alcohol doesn't agree with her.

Shaw As Horrible Example

Robert Chambers says that it is just as sensible to decide whether writers should eat corned beef hash as whether they should drink. He admits to an occasional drink, but says that he finds it just as easy to become stimulated by a draught of mountain air. Alcohol is bad, however, when one is about to write. Irvin Cobb wonders what would have happened to the Rubaiyat if Omar had stuck to the water wagon, and what sort of poetry would a teetotal Robert Burns have turned out. An enormous amount of interesting and exhilarating writing has its background in alcohol. "If Shaw says stop drinking, I say look what not drinking did to him and go on," says Mr. Cobb. Mr. Towne is a better anti-prohibitionist. He would rather see 5,000 men drunk in the gutter than five men blinded by wood alcohol. He does not see how anyone could write a line of prose or poetry with a drop of alcohol in him, but is of the opinion that prohibition has sounded the doom of art in the United States.

The sound of the furnace shovel will pretty soon be succeeded by the sound of the lawn mower. It's thus that the merry householder realizes that much of his expenditure is on a sound basis.

Investigator Issues Challenge to Doyle

Meeting a Situation

Test No. 2 is as follows:—

1. If you were assigned to get the facts about a bank failure, what would you do first?

() Go to the bank and knock at the doors.

() Call the bank on the phone.

() Call up the office of the bank examiner.

2. What would you do if a great fire broke out a few hours after you had quit work for the day?

() Hunt up the owner of the property and interview him.

() Call up your office.

() Get all the data you could about the fire from direct observation.

3. What would you do if a prominent man gave you a copy of a speech he was about to deliver before a large audience, and while delivering it he made some extreme statements that did not appear in the written copy?

() Look him up and ask him if he meant those statements for publication.

() Leave those remarks out of your account, as probably being due to the excitement of the occasion, and not expressing his real point of view.

() Include those statements in your account along with the written speech.

A Grand Demonstration

Other tests are devised to find out what the candidate knows about the precise meaning of words, and if he understands wherein learned, informed and educated differ. Still another test has to do with spelling and punctuation, matters which are not of first-class importance, because the profeader assumed to correct mistakes arising from these sources. Just as essential as a nose for news and an ability to write clearly is the character of a reporter. If people like and trust him instinctively, he is likely to succeed. If they do not, no amount of technical ability will lift him from the ruck.

MISSING HIS MARK.

Uncle was telling a yarn to his nephew and he made it exciting. What's the good of telling a yarn if it is not exciting? "The snow was falling fast and furious as I tore out of the wood on to the plain in one of the wildest parts of Siberia. We had more than a mile to go to get out of the forest, that was plain. We heard the howls of the pack of wolves behind us. I strained every nerve, but all in vain. Now I could hear their panting breath. At last I felt their muzzles touching me, the nephew, "you must have felt glad!" "Glad, my boy!" cried the uncle in amazement. "Why?" "Why glad when you found out that they had their muzzles on?"

Extravagance is not the mark of a gentleman; profusion is not a necessity of honorable rank.

COMING EVENTS FORESHADOWED

93rd BATTERY DANCE

The 93rd Battery will give a big dance on Friday, June 9th, in the Armouries Hall, Macleod. Special arrangements have been made for excellent music and a good supper. Dancing will commence at 9 p.m. This promises to be an exceptionally happy event and lovers of dancing should keep this date open. Admission—gentlemen \$1.00; ladies \$1.00.

THE BROWNIE BAND

A Children's Cantata in costume—Empress Theatre, June 13th, 8 p.m.

12-3t

Values Enormously Increased

From British Guiana

The stamp which has set a new record in values was bought by Ferrari in London for \$2,500, and since the latest purchaser is an English dealer and agent for several British collectors, it seems probable that it will once more cross the channel. It is the one cent stamp of British Guiana, and it is worth noting that most of the rare stamps are those of British colonies. It was not the first issue in Guiana, but was one of an emergency issue. The Government wanted some stamps in a hurry and did not desire to wait until they could be secured from London. So the local firm of Baum and Dallas, Georgetown, was ordered to fix up some sort of stamp without delay. The printers turned out four different stamps, although having only two denominations.

Values Enormously Increased

The rare one is printed in black ink

(1) a. While responding to the alarm, a hose truck skidded into a telephone post, but was not damaged and proceeded to the fire.

b. The tenement house was a 3-story brick building, erected in 1880.

c. A crowd of several hundred people watched the fire.

d. The firemen had difficulty in preventing the flames from spreading to neighboring buildings.

e. The fire started at 6:30 a.m. and was not put out until 9:30 a.m.

f. The chances are that all these facts would be chronicled. The lesser ones because of the fact that the building was once a famous one would give little details an interest they would not otherwise possess, but to properly write the story it would be necessary for the reporter to put this most im-

portant fact in the first sentence. Thus newspaper reporters employ exactly the opposite device of the short-story writer, who keeps his real sensation until the end.

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle has received the inevitable challenge from Joseph F. Rinn, of Brooklyn, a produce broker of means, whose avocation is the exposure of spiritists. For some years past no prominent clairvoyant or medium has appeared in New York without being invited by Mr. Rinn to make a bet that the latter will not duplicate all the former's phenomena by purely mechanical means. None of them, so far as we are aware, accepted Mr. Rinn's challenge, and we have little doubt that Sir Arthur will do so.

The Brooklyn man suggests that he and the spiritist make a bet of \$5,000,

the former, with his associates in the Society of American Magicians, to

"go on the public platform with him and there produce psychic phenomena,

asking no other conditions except such as he permits to mediums."

Mr. Rinn agrees to produce the phenomena under a bright light, but the investigator is to be blindfolded. Then will ensue such manifestations as happen when spiritists meet together, and if Doyle can tell how they are produced or in what way they differ from any spiritist phenomena, Mr. Rinn agrees to forfeit \$5,000.

A Grand Demonstration

Whether the spiritists take up the challenge or not, Mr. Rinn announces that in a few months he intends to give an exhibition which will be a complete exposure of the claims of mediums. He says: "It will be held in a room locked and sealed and everybody in the room, including myself, will be handcuffed to our chairs. When the lights go out the medium will be seen floating eight feet in the air, and talking; ghostly spirits will appear 10 feet in the air, floating around and talking; ghostly hands will be seen at all altitudes, some playing on tambourines, and a corner 10 feet in the air, will play a tune. A safe in the room will be opened in perfect darkness, its contents cleaned out, and the safe will disappear from the room. When the lights are turned on the doors will still be locked and sealed. A typewriter will operate without hands; furniture will move about, and many other things of a seemingly supernatural nature will take place."

"A poor, credulous old man," is Mr. Rinn's opinion of Conan Doyle, who just because he wrote some detective stories that made him famous, ought not necessarily to be accepted as a man competent to unmask swindlers. What chance would he have with a card sharper?

A Noted Victim

In Mr. Rinn's view, Doyle has not a better trained mind than Luther Marsh, the famous New York lawyer, who was reduced almost to want by Miss De Be, by means of faked pictures. He points out that Dr. Isaac Funk, who exposed this woman, would himself have been an easy victim for May Pepper, of Brooklyn, and the Bang sisters of Chicago, had Rinn not exposed them. He says that there is no leading light among spiritists today who has not been fooled. Dr. Jay Hudson, in his book on the "Law of Psychic Phenomena," testified to the wonderful powers of the medium, Pierre Keeler. Yet it is only a few weeks ago since this Keeler was arrested in New York for giving a false materialization at a seance. Detectives chased the supposed ghost, who, however, escaped, leaving extremely material tracks in the snow. Keeler and his accomplice, however, were not fortunate.

Doyle Ridiculed

Rinn ridicules Doyle's statement that all one needs to become a spiritist is to attend twelve seances and read twelve books, and his belief that everything mediums have produced for him has been genuine, despite the fact that there is not a medium in the world who has not been tricked. Doyle says that a man may be wicked, yet a great musician, and that similarly a man may be a wond-

American Banker Who Helped Allies

Henry Pomery Davison was not

one of the richest men of the United States, but he was one of the most active of the rich men. He died a few days ago at the age of fifty-five, and received such tributes from Americans as the late Sir John Eaton received from Canadians, for he was everywhere recognized as one of the most useful of wealthy citizens. His career is summarized here, not particularly for what he did for his own country, but because in the war he was such a stout friend of the Allies. He was a member of the firm of J. P. Morgan, and generally considered to be second only to Mr. Morgan in influence. That firm was the American representative of the Allies in the early days of the war, when it was necessary that huge sums of money should be raised. Mr. Davison was active in these matters. When the United States entered the conflict he was called upon by President Wilson to head the Red Cross organization, and he resigned a position in which he was said to be receiving a million dollars a year to become a soldier.

A Farmer Boy

Like many another famous American, H. P. Davison was born on a farm, and about the first money he ever earned was by teaching school. Quite early he formed the ambition to become a banker, because he had an uncle who was a banker, and the youth had wonderful, thrilling mental pictures of the vast wealth and power locked behind the doors of the bank. When he was nineteen he got a job in his uncle's little bank at Troy, Pa.,

and seemed destined to spend the rest of his days as a country banker. But he had determined to succeed in New York, and, after two years with his uncle, he set forth. He found it difficult to get a job in New York but eventually found an opening in a Bridgeport bank as runner. Here he had an opportunity to prove to observing elders that he was a born banker, and in three years had become receiving teller for the institution. In 1891 he had a chance to enter a New York bank and eagerly seized it.

Nothing But Deception

The Englishman, says Rinn, is more gullible than the most credulous of American spiritists. He accepts all the old shop-worn tricks as though they were divine manifestations. He is not himself demonstrating anything. There is nothing he can demonstrate. Mr. Rinn for twenty years was a member of the so-called intelligentsia in the investigation of spiritism, and asserts that time after time he saw his colleagues being tricked, but himself made no protest in order that he might not be rejected as one being antagonistic to the medium. Later on his friends wrote books, testifying to the wonder they had witnessed. For a long time Mr. Rinn was of opinion that they probably was something in some of the demonstrations not to be explained by any other than a spiritist hypothesis. Later on, as he exposed one medium after another, he came to the conclusion that the whole thing was founded on a double deception, the deception of tricksters and the self-deception of their victims. He says that he has been unable to find a single phenomenon. Therefore, he has considered it part of his duty to warn his fellow-citizens against what he believes is an elevating and dangerous delusion.

With The Morgans

At the age of thirty-two he was made president of the Liberty National Bank of New York, and was recognized as, not only one of the youngest, but one of the ablest, bank presidents in the country. He seems to have been the originator of the idea that there should be a trust depositary for national money and insurance funds and not be entirely restricted in the nature of the security back of the loans. His dream

THE EMPRESS THEATRE CURRENT ATTRACTIONS

MYSTICAL THEME HAS ETHEL CLAYTON'S "BEYOND"

Theory That the Dead Come Back at Times Developed in New Photo-play

Do the spirits of the dead ever return? Henry Arthur Jones, the British playwright, has answered this question in the affirmative in "Beyond" a story written especially for Paramount, and in which Ethel Clayton is the star. The picture will be shown at the Empress Theatre next Wednesday and Thursday.



R-C PICTURES Presents
DORIS MAY
in "THE FOOLISH AGE"
A HUNT STROMBERG PRODUCTION
Directed by WILLIAM A. SEITER
EMPRESS MONDAY & TUESDAY

Miss Clayton plays the role of Avis Langley, whose mother, at death's door, exacts a promise that she will watch over her wayward brother, Alec. The brother soon begins his wanderings and Avis is happily married to Geoffrey Southern. Then comes a vision of the mother and pleads with Avis to find Alec and help him. After repeated visions she obeys this supernatural influence and goes in quest of her brother. Her mission is successful, but in returning, the ship upon which she is traveling is wrecked and she is the sole survivor, being washed up at a lonely island settlement. It is months before she returns and meantime, her husband, thinking her lost, marries again. The wife returns and finds this situation confronting her. From this develops one of the most dramatic but pleasing climaxes ever screened.

The picture was produced by William D. Taylor, from the adaptation by Julia Crawford Ivers. Charles Meredith plays Geoffrey Southern. Earl Schenck is Alec Langley and other important roles are enacted by Fontaine La Rue, Winifred Kingston, Lillian Rich, Charles French and Spottiswoode Aitken.

"Ghosts won't answer unless summoned," says a psychiatrist. Perhaps spirit etiquette forbids them to speak until spoken to.

THE HOME STRETCH IS REAL COMEDY DRAMA

Many Thrilling Situations and Laughs in Douglas MacLean's Photo-play

Comedies possessing genuine elements of gripping, tingling drama and of delicate sentiment without sacrificing laugh-power are infrequent enough to cause Douglas MacLean's latest Paramount picture, "The Home Stretch," which comes to the Empress Theatre next Friday and Saturday, to stand forth as one of the most original and entertaining offerings of the year.

The story concerns a jockey, a trainer, a race-track follower, who at the time the picture opens, has risen to the ranks of racehorse owners, and of the difficulties he encounters when he attempts to abandon his gambling habits. Not only is Mr. MacLean afforded ample opportunity to "get over" sparkling comedy situations, but to display his dramatic ability and his skill with "thrillers" as well.

The opening scenes of the story, laid on a famous California race track, are notable for tensely dramatic situations, and a thrilling accident, in which Mr. MacLean plays a prominent part. Throughout the remainder of the picture, clever comedy and dramatic suspense are delightfully blended and carried through to an unusual ending.

As Johnny Hardwick, the juvenile turfman, Mr. MacLean is said to give a performance which surpasses his "Sergeant Grey" in "Twenty-three and a Half Hours' Leave." His vigorous personality and clever comedy "business" are the outstanding features of the production. Beatrice Burnham, Margaret Warren, a winsome "small town" girl, heads an excellent supporting cast which included Margaret Livingston, Wade Boerner, Charles Maitles and Molly McConnell. "The Home Stretch" was adapted to the screen by Louis Stevens from the original story by Charles Belmont Davis.

THE SKY ROVERS

At The Empress Wednesday Evening Only After the First Show

Fitzsimmons and Palmer have the greatest record of any commercial airmen on the North American Continent. Their record of 52,000 miles of flying, in the past two years, stands unequalled and unparalleled with one plane, in the history of flying, and they propose flying this machine in June, to Ottawa, thus establishing the first International Air Mail Plane in North America, and officially recognized by the Government.

They are the only Canadian Airmen who have successfully duplicated the Lockheed Feat, and have given hundreds of these stunning exhibitions all over Western Canada. They are the only aviators in Western Canada who originated Motion Picture photography from an airplane.



Douglas MacLean in the Paramount Picture "The Home Stretch" A Thomas H. Ince Production

EMPRESS FRIDAY & SATURDAY

Capt. Jack Palmer, D.C.M., R.A.F., is considered one of the best pilots in Canada, he has flown over thirty types of machines and has thousands of hours experience in the air.

Lieut. Harry Fitzsimmons, R.A.F., a skillful airmen, and considered one of the best posted men on aviation in Canada. The originator of motion picture photography from an airplane in Western Canada, and the founder of the first International Air Mail plane on the American Continent.

Both young men are veteran aviators of the Great War. They will appear at the Empress Theatre next Wednesday evening, May 31st, after the first show, and give an interesting talk on their adventures and experiences during their 52,000 miles of travel.

ANNUAL MEETING MACLEOD DISTRICT METHODIST CHURCH

The annual district meeting of the Macleod district of the Methodist church was held in the Methodist church, Macleod, on Friday, May 19. All the members of the district were present when the chairman, Rev. J. Lytle, called the roll. Devotional services were led by Rev. W. T. Young, of Blairmore, and the singing of one of the old time hymns brought the ministerial session to a start, which was followed by the many reports from these brethren as to their work on the fields. It was very encouraging to have such reports as were laid before this session, after the continued dearth of cash and small crops in most parts of the prairie fields. The Pass towns also report progress, even under the strike conditions. Increases in every congregation as to membership were reported, and on reviewing the past year, when conditions were thought to be at their worst, there is still brightness all round, and every minister gave an encouraging view for the future. The financial reports were all well up to the mark, and some over run the mark set up for their circuits.

The general session opened at five o'clock, when the lay members took part in the business of the meeting. At 6 p.m., the session adjourned to the Sunday School room, where the ladies prepared a banquet. In this everyone took a part and the members of the district meeting were joined by the members of the quarterly official board of the Macleod church, and their wives. A pleasant and profitable hour was spent. Mayor Fawcett, one of the board members, officially welcomed the district meeting to Macleod. He spoke of the influence of the church in the country and wished them God speed in their work. Several members of the session addressed the meeting.

At 7:30 p.m. their work was taken up, which continued until midnight. No changes were asked for except High River wished to join Macleod district, and a resolution to Conferent was passed recommending this move.

Mr. Stromberg has been associated with Miss May in motion pictures for some time and understands thoroughly her requirements in stories. Therefore, he kept her capabilities always in mind when he prepared "The Foolish Age" and the result is the story fits Miss May as snugly as a new glove. Not the least interesting feature of the story is the idea upon which it is based. It is both novel and timely. Miss May, for instance, is Margie Carr, daughter of a wealthy father who insists that she marry a young man of wealth and social position like herself.

Margie, however, doesn't intend to have her marriage regulated by dollars and cents. Instead she evolves a big idea and begins at once to put it over. She decides to uplift the poor and down-trodden—to go into the slums and help the denizens of those districts to see the light. And she gets right to work, enlisting the aid of a group of exceedingly rough young men to help her out. This of course starts the fun, which comes fast and furiously thereafter.

Miss May, an artist to her finger tips, revels in this sort of material and repeats the triumphs she achieved in such memorable productions as "23½ Hours' Leave" and "Mary's Ankles" in both of which she co-starred with Douglas MacLean.

Supporting Miss May in her first starring production is a cast of more ordinary prominence and ability. The members are Hallam Cooley, Otis Harlan, Bull Montana, Lillian Worth, Arthur Hoyt, Billy Elmer and Spike Robinson.

98 LIVES ARE LOST WHEN THE EGYPT SINKS

BREST, May 22.—Ninety-eight persons are missing and 242 were saved of those who were on board the British steamship Egypt when it was sunk off the Island of Ushant Saturday night by a collision with the French steamer Seine, according to the latest official figures.

Among those missing are Mrs. M. L. Sibley and Miss V. M. Boyer, two missionaries bound for India whose home addresses are unknown here.

It is possible that some of the missing may have been picked up by the steamer Cap Iracon, in addition to those brought here by the Seine.

RAMMED WHILE LYING TO

According to the Egypt's purser, the ship floated only 20 minutes after being struck. The Egypt, he said, was not moving at the time of the accident, lying to on account of the dense fog, and sounding her siren continuously. Suddenly there came the warning shriek of the siren on the Seine and the latter cut through the fog and

Messrs. Strickland and Seaman are

darkness and struck the Egypt amidships.

Four or five boats were all that could be lowered because of the list of the vessel, and many persons jumped overboard fearing to be drawn down with the Egypt. There was no one on board when the vessel took her final plunge, he believed. The purser estimated that 15 passengers, 30 white officers and 50 Lascars of the crew were missing.

WERE DROWNED

BREST, May 22.—Mrs. M. Sibley and Miss Boyer were said today by R. F. Bevan, the only other United States passenger, to have been drowned in the wreck of the British steamship Egypt, which was sunk off the Island of Ushant Saturday in a collision with the French steamer Seine.

The 93rd Battery is authorized to take out annual training 1922, peace establishment 107.

Total number authorized to train 43. Nature of training—6 days at local headquarters, 6 days firing detachment at Sarcey Camp.

BECOMING SERIOUS

A government bulletin on grasshopper control is being sent to every section foreman on the line of the C.P.R. The company will wage relentless war on these insect pests during the next six weeks.

Messrs. Strickland and Seaman are

JUDICIAL NOTICE OF SALE SALE OF FARM PROPERTY BY TENDER

MORTGAGE SALE OF FARM PROPERTY

Under and by virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by the Land Titles Act, and under a certain Order of the Registrar, Netherlands Investment Company of Canada Limited will offer for sale until the Fifteenth day of July, 1922, the following property,

South-East quarter of Section Ten (10), and those portions of the East half of Section Three (3) lying north and west of the Waterton River, all in Township Six (6), Range Twenty-Six (26), West of the Fourth Meridian, reserving unto His Majesty all mines and minerals.

The Vendor is informed that the above property is situated about twenty (20) miles from the town of Macleod. The soil is black loam, sixty acres being cultivated.

There is a five roomed house, an addition thereto, and a barn 20 feet by 30 feet, and other outbuildings erected on the lands, with a good supply of spring water, and over a mile of wire fencing.

Terms of Sale to be 25 per cent. cash and terms to be arranged.

For further particulars apply to Lougheed, Bennett & Company, Calgary, Alberta, Solicitors for Netherlands Investment Company of Canada, Limited.

31-12, 14, 17

hatch about June 1st are deposited by the millions beneath the sod along the roadside. It is estimated that there are 7,000 eggs to the square foot.

AN AID TO MEMORY.

An old parson was holding a camp meeting in a Missouri town in July. He held forth thus: "Brothers and sisters, I wants to warn yo' against de heinous crime of ob shootin' craps, an' fudder'mo'! I wants to warn yo' against de heinous crime ob stealin' watamelons." At this point a darky in the rear of the tent rose up, snapped his fingers and sat down. "Whar'o', brudder does yo' rise up and snap yo' fingers w'en I speaks ob watamelon stealin'?" "You jes' reminds me, parson, where I left ma' knife," was the reply.

WE

do not use any guess-work

in our tests each step is the result of LONG EXPERIENCE AND SKILL. It generally takes but a short time to correct the vision and we back our work so that you can't notice it.

LET US TEST YOUR EYES

and fit your glasses. You will be pleased with the result.

John T. Doney
OPTICIAN

AUTO LIVERY DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE

OUR SPECIALTY
TRIPS TO THE WATER-TON LAKES

McLaughlin Cars
Reasonable Rates

DAY PHONE, 186

NIGHT PHONE, 191

GEORGE MARLOW
Leave orders at H. H. Young's Implement Office.

D. R. CARSE,
PLUMBING — GASFITTING
AND TINSMITHING

24th Street Phone 121

DRAY & TRANSFER

Prompt and Efficient Service

McLaughlin Cars

H. H. YOUNG

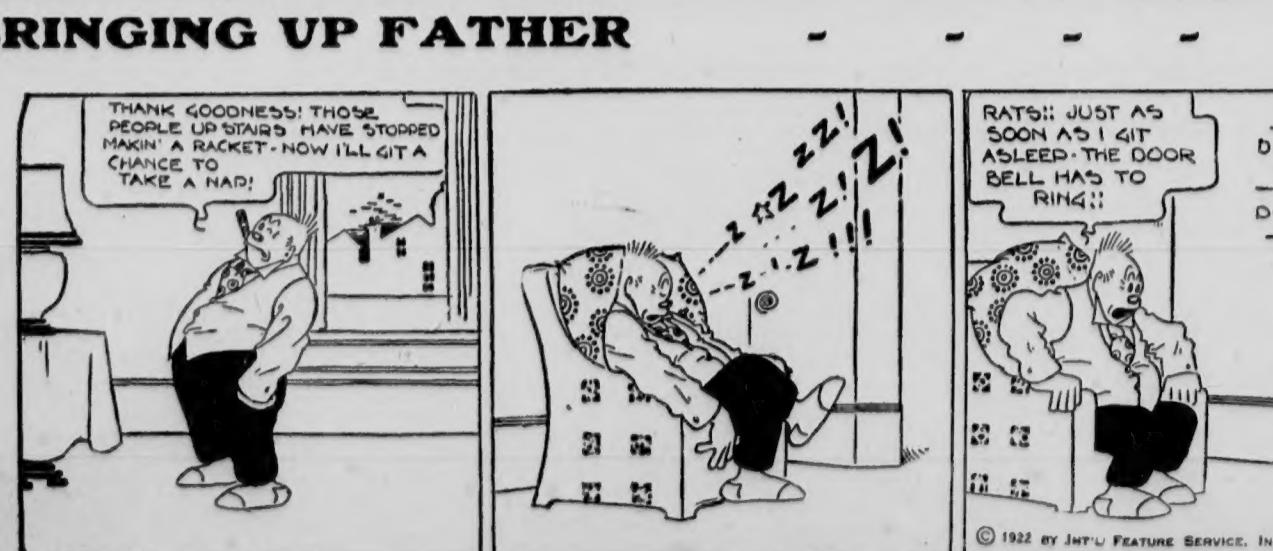
Coolest Place in Town

Kosy Korner

Ice Cream Parlor

OPP. HUDSON BAY

BRINGING UP FATHER



By G. McManus

EMPRESS WED. AND THURS.

5-19

\$2,000 in cash prizes

Many people have discovered that 2 in 1 Shoe Polishes are good for other things than for shining shoes. For example:

- 2 in 1 BLACK—Good for polishing motor cars; refinishing suit cases, kodaks, black gloves, rubbers, hats, etc.
- 2 in 1 WHITE—cake or liquid—Good for cleaning hats, stains in white skirts, white kid gloves, auto tires, etc.
- 2 in 1 TAN PASTE—Good for polishing furniture, hardwood floors, etc.

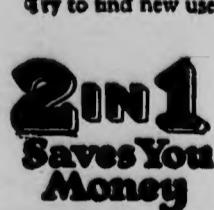
For the Best List of New Uses for 2 in 1, We are Awarding Cash Prizes as Follows

1st award \$500.00—for the most acceptable list	20 Prizes of \$15.00—for the next twenty
2nd " 300.00—for next best list	50 " 5.00—for the next fifty
3rd " 200.00—for third best list	50 " 2.00—for the next fifty
10 Prizes of 25.00—for the next ten	100 " 1.00—for the next 100 lists

Try to find new uses for any of the 2 in 1 Shoe Polishes, either black, tan, oxblood, or brown paste, white cake or white liquid, black or tan combination.

Write on one side of paper only. List uses according to colors. Awards will be made according to decision of special committee, and payment made on or before October 1st, 1922. All lists submitted to become our property. Address:

Prize Editor,
F. F. DALLEY COMPANY OF CANADA LIMITED,
HAMILTON, CANADA.



MOVIES WILL SHOW HOW STUDEBAKERS MAKE AUTO-MOBILES.

Rogers and Co. Bringing Film to Lethbridge Theatre Showing Great New Plant.

The newest and most modern automobile plant in the world is to be brought to Lethbridge for the Motorists' benefit on the moving picture screen, which is another way of saying that the Studebaker agency would like you to be their guests at the exhibition of this remarkable moving picture, showing the manufacture of the new Studebaker Light Six automobile in the \$20,000,000 Studebaker factories.

This interesting and educational motion picture will be shown on May 28 in the afternoon at the King's Theatre, and in the evening at the Colonial Theatre. Please make a note of the time and place now so that you may arrange to be present.

Here you will see mammoth machines so human that they do nearly everything but talk, great automatic devices that perform veritable miracles, taking rough red hot bars through the gamut of operations until they emerge machined and tested as a component part of the car itself.

Special lighting and coloring processes were employed in the taking

and finishing of many scenes, making them realistic to a striking degree. In some respects a view of this picture is even more interesting than a trip through this wonderful factory itself for as you know the camera catches many details that escape the eye.

On reading this announcement you are invited to see this wonderful picture and all the members of your family and your friends. Bring them with you or tell them not to fail to be there. Mr. Rogers has arranged to charge no admission to see this wonderful picture.

Anybody wishing to go to Lethbridge to see this screen production should call on N. W. Dilatash, local agent for Studebaker automobiles.

SAVE THE CHILDREN FUND IS ONE HUNDRED PER CENT CANADIAN

The following appeared in the Toronto Saturday Night under date of May 13th, 1922:

The charges laid by some English publications against the administration of the British "Save the Children Fund," which was referred to in a recent number of Saturday Night has elicited a reply from Lord Wardale which clears the air to some extent, but at the same time gives no indication that the Chairman was a man with any business instincts, nor did he operate in a business way, in either the collecting of funds, which paid a heavy tribute to the publicity agent, nor in the selection of those from whom he purchased through this agent. However, that's now an old story as Lord Wardale has resigned the Chairmanship, and it is in other, and it is to be hoped, more competent hands.

It is to be feared that the criticism directed against the internal management of the British "Save the Children Fund," has possibly had a detrimental effect upon the Canadian "Save the Children Fund," which is another movement and operated in quite another way. First of all our fund, under the administration of Col. Herbert J. Mackie, who acts as President and who is giving practically all of his time to it, is a hundred per cent Canadian. Every dollar collected is spent in Canada for foods and other necessities. These are earmarked and shipped to the famine areas, where they are distributed to the children by British and Canadian officials. The only connection between the two funds is that the machinery created for distri-

bution is greatly relieved by a simple treatment with Leonard Ear Oil. Specialist in different kinds of Deafness and Head Noises combined in an Park Avenue, New York, Ear Oil, an experiment, but has had a successful sale since 1897. You cannot afford to be without it. It has helped thousands of people. Why not? Descriptive circular upon request.

MADE IN CANADA
L. H. Beddington Co., Sales Agents, Toronto
A. D. LEONARD, Inc., Mrs., 70 Simcoe, N.Y. City

For Sale in Macleod by A. D. Ferguson and All Good Druggists.



LEONARD EAR OIL
RELIEVES DEAFNESS AND STOPS HEAD NOISES
"Rub it in Back of the Ear"
(Never Put in Ear)
Insert in Nostrils

Deafness is greatly relieved by a simple treatment with Leonard Ear Oil. Specialist in different kinds of Deafness and Head Noises combined in an Park Avenue, New York, Ear Oil, an experiment, but has had a successful sale since 1897. You cannot afford to be without it. It has helped thousands of people. Why not? Descriptive circular upon request.

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For Sale in Macleod by A. D. Ferguson and All Good Druggists.

MORTGAGE SALE BY TENDER OF TOWN PROPERTY

FOR Sale by tender that desirable residence being Lot 10 on the South side of 17th Street West of 5th Avenue according to a plan of Macleod of record in the Land Titles Office for the South Alberta Land Registration District as "Plan of the Town of Macleod."

The Vendor is informed that the property consists of a fully modern seven roomed house 24 x 24 with an addition 12 x 24. There is also a car shed, and chicken house. The building is in good condition and fenced and has a good garden and back yard.

Tenders will be received by L. F. Clarry, Esquire, K.C., Master in Chambers at the Court House at Calgary until 11 o'clock in the forenoon on Monday, the 12th day of June, 1922, and must be accompanied by a marked cheque payable to the said Master in Chambers for 10 per cent of the amount of the tender which will be returned if the tender be not accepted; the highest or any other tender not necessarily accepted.

Terms of sale are as follows:

10 per cent, cash with the tender; 15 per cent, within 60 days without interest and the balance payable in 4 equal payments, 6, 12, 18 and 24 months from the date of acceptance of tender with interest theron at the rate of 8 per cent, per annum payable with each instalment of principal and to be computed on the full purchase price then outstanding. All payments except the initial deposit to be made into Court.

For further particulars, forms of tender and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bernard, Bernard & Goodall, Solicitors, 231—8th Avenue West, Calgary, Alberta.

Dated at Calgary this 13th day of May, 1922.

A. G. A. CLOWES,
Clerk in Chambers.
APPROVED:
L. F. CLARRY,
Master in Chambers.

Pictures Are Not Always Truthful

Some Mail Order Houses Find Them Very Useful in Their Business.

CAN "DOCTOR" PHOTOGRAPH?

Concerns Can Give Wrong Impressions With Illustrations While Sticking to Truth In Descriptions.

(Copyright.)

"Figures never lie," it has been claimed, but this is far from the truth. The defaulter who has "doctored" his books in such a way that he has escaped detection for years, knows that figures can be made to lie. The shrewd politician, who knows that they can be made to tell a story that is far from the truth.

But there is another medium of expression which is also supposed to be a stickler for truth, but which is a greater prevaricator than figures. That is a picture. A picture of any person or thing, supposedly, is an exact reproduction of the original, but this is frequently only a wild supposition. The photographer who did not make his picture tell a little fib now and then would soon be out of business from lack of patronage.

Pictures Better Than Words.

Pictures have come to occupy a very important place in the life of the world in recent years. It has been said that for newspaper purposes a picture which tells its story strikingly is worth more than columns of written words on the same subject. Newspapers and magazines have realized the truth of this fact and as a result pictures are used profusely in illustrating the news and fiction of the day.

No one has been quicker to realize the possibilities of the picture when properly—or it might be said improperly—used, than the mail order man.

He has realized that a picture will do more to sell his kind of merchandise than a column of words and figures. One reason for this is that it is harder to catch a picture in a lie than it is in printed words and figures. For instance, if you sell a man a table on the strength of a printed statement that it is 48 inches wide and if when the table reaches the customer it is only 36 inches wide, the customer not only has a moral right to kick, but he has a legal right to accuse the seller of obtaining money under false pretences. However, if the customer buys a table which looks in a picture to be 48 inches wide, but which proves upon its arrival to be only 36 inches wide, he has no legal grounds upon which to base a complaint if the seller has not told him in so many words that the table was 48 inches wide.

Stick to Truth In Figures.

Some unscrupulous mail order houses have taken advantage of this selling power of pictures in a very ingenious way. They adhere strictly to the truth in the actual measurements given in their catalogues of the articles which they have to sell. They may employ descriptions which exaggerate the qualities and appearance of the articles offered, but when it comes down to actual measurements the description given are technically correct. Then these concerns rely upon their pictures to sell the merchandise, realizing that a picture will make a far deeper impression upon the mind of the prospective buyer than the actual figures given. A picture of a wide roomy bed will attract the eye and the reader probably will not stop to measure off the width of the bed as it is described in the catalogue to see whether it is as wide as desired. Figures, in the abstract, mean little to the average reader and do not convey the impression that is given in the picture.

A former manager of a mail order house tells how his concern manipulated pictures in this way to suit its purposes. Pictures of its chairs were retouched so that the legs seemed to be an inch and a half in diameter when they were really less than an inch.

It made narrow beds appear in the picture to be wide and comfortable. Posts of iron that were really an inch in diameter were made to appear as if they were three inches in thickness. These things are easy for any competent artist to do.

Patrons Had No Recourse.

This concern, however, adhered rigidly to the truth in the measurements included in the descriptions. Customers who found, when they received their goods, that they were not what they expected, could kick, but it would do them no good. The mail order house could show that it had set forth the measurements truthfully in catalogues, and there was no recourse for the customer.

There is no question but that pictures will lie, sometimes without any manipulation, and the person who buys an article of merchandise from a picture is taking big chances, even though the picture is not intentionally altered to give a wrong impression. Any amateur photographer knows from experience how the camera often will give a wrong idea of proportions.

The only safe method is to buy from the local merchant where one sees the article itself and not a picture of it. The article itself cannot lie about its dimensions, at least.

At all times to anticipate your requirements here in Macleod. We carry a large and moderately priced stock of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Men's and Boys' Wear and we urge you to inspect our stock before buying elsewhere.

R. T. BARKER

CO-OPERATION MEANS STRENGTH

Co-operative buying means lessened cost to you, the customer. Why not deal with an organization which shows you a practical way to save. Let us supply your wants.

THE MACLEOD U. F. A. CO-OPERATIVE ASS'N, LTD.

GARAGES

SERVICE GARAGE

DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR CARS

COCKSHUTT FARM MACHINERY

IMPLEMENT OF ALL KINDS

Box 184 Phone 76

N. W. DILATASH

FORDSON TRACTORS

FORD CARS — FORD TRUCKS

Ford Tractor \$395.00 Dearborn

Ford Touring with starter \$726 at

Macleod

Genuine Ford Parts away down.

Used Fords \$150.00 Up.

MACLEOD MOTOR SALES, LTD.

If You Trade Out of Town, and I Trade Out of Town

WHAT WILL BECOME OF OUR TOWN?

THE DOLLAR SPENT IN MACLEOD

WILL "REMAIN HOME TO BOOST"

THE MACLEOD TIMES "TRADE AT HOME" CAMPAIGN

READ

THE

"TRADE

AT HOME"

ARTICLE

ON

THIS

PAGE

CAREFULLY

IT MAY

PRESENT

SOMETHING

YOU

HAVEN'T THOUGHT

OF BEFORE.

PATRONIZE

THE PEOPLE WHOSE

ADVERTISEMENTS

ARE HERE.

THEY ARE

NEIGHBORS

AND WILL

TREAT

YOU RIGHT.

THE MONEY

YOU

SPEND

WITH THEM

STAYS

IN CIRCULATION

IN

YOUR DISTRICT.

YOU SHOULD BE AS LOYAL TO

YOUR COMMUNITY AS

</div

THE MACLEOD TIMES AND MACLEOD WEEKLY NEWS

(Independent in Politics)

A weekly newspaper printed and published at Macleod, Alberta, every Thursday

C. J. Dillingham and J. Dillingham, Publishers.

S. Dillingham, Manager and Editor.

Subscription Price \$2.00
Foreign \$2.50

Advertising Rates

Display Advertising (Contract) per inch 35c

Display Advertising (Transient) per inch 50c

Legal, Municipal and Government Advertising—
1st insertion—per line, agate, .15c

Subsequent insertions without change of copy, per line, agate 10c
(Agate—14 lines to the inch)

Straight Reading Notices—
First insertion, per count line .20c

Subsequent insertions without change of copy, per count line 15c

Classified Advertisements—
Lost, Found, Wanted, Etc.—
First insertion (figures and name abbreviations to count as words) per word3c
minimum charge50c

Second insertion, per word 2c
Minimum charge25c

Political campaign display advertising direct from political party or through advertising agencies (no discount for plates) per inch 50c

Political Campaign Readers, direct from political party or through advertising agencies (no discount for plates) per line, net 20c

Notices of Marriages, Births, Deaths, and Cards of Thanks, each \$1.00

All classified advertising and readers must be paid in advance.

THURSDAY, MAY 25th, 1922

UNCLE SAM SHOULD CANCEL WAR DEBTS

To convince the average man that if somebody owes him money it would be inadvisable for him to collect would require almost superhuman powers of persuasion, and since the average man knows little or nothing about international finance it is hardly less difficult to make him believe that there would be wisdom displayed if the nations which were plunged in debt as a result of the war were to mutually cancel their obligations. But one finds in the United States, which is the chief creditor nation as a result of the war, statesmen and financiers who believe it would be the course

of wisdom for that country to wipe from the slate the eleven billion and a half dollars owing it from Europe. Their reasoning is sound, but their cause is unpopular. The United States has now a war debt of twenty-two billions, which it will take generations to extinguish. To ask it to cancel the eleven and a half billions owed it by Europe seems like increasing the twenty-two billion debt by fifty per cent. The average American citizen is more likely to think that the American Government should beat itself to collect the eleven billions and a half and thus cut the war debt in two.

An Unpopular Editorial

In the early days of the belligerency of the United States was seen frequently in American newspapers suggestions that the vast sums borrowed by the Allies should be cancelled. Of late one sees few such suggestions. But the Philadelphia North American, which, one may remark, is quite a different kind of American to those owned by W. R. Hearst, does not hesitate to proclaim the unpalatable truth that while these billions are owed technically they are not owed morally; that they cannot be collected; and if they could the United States would suffer rather than profit from the transaction. The North American says the most unpopular editorial the paper ever published was written a year ago and contained this paragraph:

Money Instead of Men

"These loans were made, let it be remembered, when the United States was at war with Germany, but impotent to strike a blow in behalf of the Allies or in its own defence. These nations had been fighting for two years and a half in what was finally proclaimed by the United States a war against the institutions of liberty and justice for which this country stands. They had spent flesh and blood with such lavishness that our contribution in lives would be relatively small. The money was not to give them profit, but merely to enable them to keep on fighting in a cause the United States had adopted as its own. Furthermore, the loans for the most part did not drain this country of money at all. On the contrary, they consisted chiefly of credits, and the proceeds were expended here for food and American-made war materials and other supplies, to the huge profit of the nation's producers and the American people generally. But beyond all this let it be remembered that the real function of the loans was to bridge over the gap between the American declaration of war and actual American participation in the fighting. It was fourteen months before this nation's forces were able to play their intrepid and decisive part on the battlefields. The \$10,000,000,000 contributed more than financial support to hard pressed Allies. It was a temporary substitute for military co-operation, because the United States was wilfully unready to meet a long-deferred obligation; it was an offering of money made neces-



MY FRIENDS, THE TREES.

The oak is king of the forest.
The birch is his queen.
The pine is a sturdy squire
In garment of green.
Pear and apple are peasants,
Gnarled, old growers of fruit;
And the poplar is a gentleman
From nodding head to root.

The aspen is an actress
Who flirts with every breeze.
There are all sorts of characters
Among my friends the trees.

Julien M. Drachman.

Cannot Be Paid

The North American adheres to this view and finds that subsequent events have strengthened its conclusions. Congress has solemnly passed a law providing that the Allies' debts to the United States shall be paid within twenty-five years including interest at 4½ per cent. The North American now informs Congress that a large proportion of the debt will never be paid. Indeed only one move to pay something on account has been made and that naturally by Great Britain, which includes in this year's budget \$200,000,000 on interest account. Great Britain borrowed something more than four billion dollars; France slightly less than three billion; Italy more than a billion and a half. The total original borrowings were ten billions, and the interest since then has amounted to another billion and a half. So far as the British loan is concerned it is well known that the greater proportion of it went in subsidiary loans to smaller allied powers and that the other Allies owe Britain more than Britain owes the United States. These debts, as Justice John H. Clarke, of the United States Supreme Court, has pointed out recently, can be paid only in gold or in goods. It is impossible that they should be paid in gold for there is not enough gold in the world, and the most of it is already owned in the United States. To pay in goods would threaten the United States with economic disaster.

Red Cross Notes

Nordegg and Rocky Mountain House are showing a keen interest in both the Senior and Junior Red Cross work and meetings are being held for organization purposes. At Rocky Mountain House the Juniors are already active, with Alice Cummings as President and Agnes Kirby as Secretary.

R. H. Scott addressed a good meeting at Pincher Creek last week in connection with the work of the Junior Red Cross.

The keenest interest in the Junior Red Cross children's hospital, which was formally opened by Lieutenant-Governor Brett in Calgary on Friday, is evidenced by all the Red Cross units of the province.

R. Scott addressed a good meeting at Foremost last week, at which lantern slides showing Red Cross work were featured.

The following officers have been elected by the Foremost branch: Thomas M. Westbrook, president; Mrs. Carrie Medhurst, vice-president; C. W. Whitney, secretary-treasurer. The unit is to hold a Tag Day on May 24.

SPRING

O, I'm a maid of April, for April was I born,
And all her jewelled courtiers awakened me, that morn,
And each returning Springtime my heart abide I swing
To the tear-dashed eyes and laughter of my Lady of the Spring!

Her touch is on the meadow, and her footstep's on the hill,
And in the dancing heart of me, her light feet echo still!
Her fingers filter sunbeams as she trails across the green,
And flowers lift their heads and bloom wherever she hath been.

Her voice is in each bird-song that greets the early morn,
And 'tis heard again at even in the green frog's horn;
If you stop, you'll hear her laughter in the ripple of the stream,
Like the fresh-awakened echo of a long-forgotten dream.

There's mystery in her sorrows, as her gentle tears flow fast,
But her moods are ever changeful, and her showers never last!
And for every diamond tear-drop which we idle folks call rain,
There will blossom troops of daffodils and golden fields of grain.

And yonder in the woodlands where my lady loves to rest,
She'll unfold a world of treasures to the ones who love her best.
There she trails a mossy flooring 'neath the azure of the skies,
And blue violets stand reflecting all the lustre of her eyes.

O sing a song for April—my Lady of the Spring!
And for the liting heart of me, I cannot choose but sing!
As, each returning Springtime, all the world grows fair again,
For, I'm a maid of April, and I follow in her train!

Nell Ruth Roffe,
Gravenhurst, Muskoka.

CONTEMPT OF COURT.

There was a very irascible old gentleman who formerly held the position of justice of the peace in one of our smaller cities. Going down the main street one day, a boy spoke to him without coming up to his honor's idea of deference. "Young man, I find you for contempt of court!" "Why Judge," said the offender, "you are not in session." "This court," replied the judge, thoroughly irritated, "is always in session, and consequently always an object of contempt!"

Better Than Pills
for Liverills



THE FARMER AND THE WOOD-LOT.

Perhaps the greatest objection made to caring for the woodlot is the time it takes to produce large-sized timber.

On the farm, however, there are many uses for small and medium-sized forest products and these take a comparatively short time to produce.

On many woodlots a thrifty young growth already exists that will not require many years before it is sufficiently large to use.

A little attention will shorten considerably the time required to produce marketable material.

The use of small dimension material is steadily increasing since the scarcity of wood in large dimension has forced the attention of manufacturers to the use of built-up wood.

The war has done much to increase our knowledge regarding the possibilities in the use of laminated products, of which the airplane is an example.

This use of wood in small sizes makes it possible to market the products of the woodlot while the trees are comparatively young.

Bulletin No. 69, Director of Forestry, Ottawa.

11-2tp75c

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

TO RENT—First-class store on 24th Street. Apply to J. M. Callie, Macleod, Alberta.

5-13tp8.45

WANTED—To hear from owner of good ranch for sale. State cash price, full particulars. D. F. Bush, Minneapolis, Minn.

11-2tp75c

FOR SALE—2 fresh milk cows (young). Apply Wm. Currie, south of track.

11-2tp75c

STRAYED—Onto Section 9-27 west 4th Mer., on May 6th, 1922, one black sow weight about 200 lbs. Raymond Foster.

11-tp75c

WANTED—Assistant in Town Office. Apply in own handwriting, stating experience, to the undersigned on or before the 26th May. E. Forster Brown, Secretary-Treasurer.

11-2tp75c

TO RENT—Furnished bed-room for gentleman. Apply 319-22nd Street.

11-2tp75c

WATERTON LAKES—Four-roomed bungalow to rent—by week, month or season. New and well furnished. Ready June 1st. On lake shore. Apply Box K, Macleod.

12-tp75c

WANTED—Woman or girl to help with housework in mornings. Apply TIMES office.

WANTED—To buy, baby buggy, reed, must be in good condition and cheap for cash. Apply, TIMES office.

FOR SALE—Cow with calf at foot. Apply D. R. Carste.

12-3tp

The following telegram, writes an Irish reader, was sent by a Western R.I.C. man from an outlying district to his Sergeant: "Motor just passed town at furious rate in direction of town. Killed heifer, containing four gentlemen and two greyhounds, one of which was a clergyman."—Exchange.

WHAT CAUSED IT.

The late Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, Minnesota, in the course of a round of the rural parishes, found it necessary at one place to ride with a country drayman. As they were passing through a small village, the Archbishop pointed to a tiny Catholic church and said to his companion: "I was the pastor of that church 32 years ago."

The drayman had no idea of

the identity of his distinguished guest,

for it was a raw day and the Archbishop had his top coat buttoned high.

The driver turned and gazed at him curiously.

Then he asked sympathetically:

"And what caused your downfall, father? Was it drink?"

The Archbishop used to tell this story on himself.

MEETING AN EMERGENCY.

The new preacher was asked if he would like any special hymns to be sung to agree with his sermon.

"No," he replied. "The fact is, I hardly ever know what I am going to say until I arrive in the pulpit."

"Well, in that case," said the vicar,

"we shall better have the hymn, 'For Those That Are.'"

MACLEOD METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. G. D. Armstrong will preach at both services next Sunday. He will also speak at Pearce School House at 3 p.m. On Monday next he will leave to attend the meeting of the Alberta Conference which this year is being held in Edmonton.

DIED

Died suddenly, at Macleod, on 10th instant, Jane Montgomery, beloved wife of Darnley L. Murison, aged 49.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

MEDICAL

S. J. KIRK, M.D., L.M.C.C.
Physician and Surgeon.
Office:

3rd Ave. between 21st and 22nd Sts.
Phone, 58

G. S. MILLS, D.D.S.
Dentistry
Office, corner 27th St. and 4th Ave.
Macleod, Alberta.
Phone 162

LEGAL

JOSEPH D. MATHESON, LL.B.
Barrister
Macleod - - - - - Alberta

MCDONALD, MARTIN & MACKENZIE
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries
Public, etc.

J. W. McDonald, K.C. T. B. Martin
D. G. Mackenzie
Macleod - - - - - Alberta

JOHN L. FAWCETT, LL.B.
Barrister, Notary Public, etc.
Money to Loan Phone 247
Macleod, Alberta.

JOSEPH HICKS
Barrister and Solicitor, Notary Public
Money to Loan
Macleod - - - - - Alberta

R. F. BARNES,
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary
Offices, B.N.A. Building—Phone 18.

Stand Off Flouring Mill

GRISTING ALL YEAR ROUND

FLOUR FOR SALE AT ALL TIMES

Second Hand Store

I am in the market to buy, sell and exchange furniture, household goods, etc., etc.

BUYING PRICES RIGHT

SELLING PRICES RIGHT

A FAIR TRADE

LAMBERT'S OLD STAND—OP-

POSITE THE POST OFFICE

Macleod - - - - - Alberta

FRY'S
PURE
BREAKFAST
COCOA
MANUFACTURED BY
J. FRY & SONS LTD.
BRISTOL & MONTREAL

Since 1728

—the secret of
FRY'S world
wide success
has been its
delicious flavor

Remember —
Nothing will
do but FRY'S

126

Hello Daddy!

THE KITCHEN BREAKFAST.

Eating in the kitchen began with the passing of the maid of all work, who, providing she arrived early enough in the morning, brought your food in to you at the properly set dining-room table.

But now that she fails to appear at all, and breakfast means hustling for the "lady of the house," the kitchen begins to look like a very handy place to set the morning meal. But remember it is not done on one corner of the kitchen table, oh dear, no! And remember, too, that kitchens are much nicer places than they used to be, for in the modern kitchen white enamel reigns supreme.

The kitchen breakfast should have a table just for itself, a pretty white or colored enamel affair with several painted chairs to match. It should be as carefully set as the dining room table, with pretty runners or mats, and the best china. It can be set the night before when the dinner dishes are washed, or a tray with the necessary dishes and china can stand ready to be laid in a moment's notice. The sunniest, most cheerful corner of the

room should be chosen for the breakfast nook, and to make it even more of dining room or less a kitchen a screen can be put around the table. Then with the electric toaster at your elbow, a bowl of fresh flowers in the middle, and your pretty kitchen curtains framing your window, what more could the most supercilious ask?

Of course there are other ways of eating in the kitchen, in a small alcove built for a matter of not many dollars just for the purpose, two tall settles and a table between being the usual plan for such an affair. But this takes space and must be permanent, so is not always feasible. But you can use one of those old-fashioned tilt-top "ironing board" tables or settles to advantage, keeping the table tilted against the wall during the day and using it as a seat, and then at breakfast time bringing out a long laundry bench painted to match which you slip under the kitchen table during work hours.

Or you can do as one young couple have done, turn somewhat useless pantries into a breakfast room, keeping the shelves and closets intact, but introducing the benches and drop table. In a very tiny kitchen, a

handy young husband erected a drop leaf shelf to the broad window sill. It gives enough room for two, and covered with a pretty runner is just the coziest kind of a place for what should be a very cosy kind of meal. Besides it can be used for ever so many things during the day, and unlike an extra table can be let down out of the way when not needed.

MOST ORIGINAL NOVELTY IN WOMAN'S ATTIRE SEEN SINCE WAR.

Paris, May 10.—Straw and hay are now distinguishing signs of the ultra-feminine woman.

At the Longchamps Course to-day Paul Poiret's mannequins showed that the famous dressmaker has made a great comeback with the most original novelty since the war. Fiji Islanders had nothing on one mannequin who was clad in straw from head to foot, wearing no stockings.

Her hat was a coquettish turban pleated with red and blue straw. Her dress was apricot-colored straw skillfully woven in intricate designs of red similar to a Navajo blanket. The tops of her shoes were made of finely plaited straw of natural color.

The straw from which the clothing is made is dipped in an oily solution before dyeing in order to make the woman look supple. When closely woven it makes a robe of soft satiny sheen as pliant as silk and as light as lace.

Another creation not unlike a Hindu costume, was a skirt widely woven with straw falling loose from the knee toward the ankle.

A secondary sensation was a number of gowns created solely for wear at the races. These were mostly of white crepe-de-chene with designs of race-horses embroidered in black. One worn by the former Countess Blasengens (nee Miller) had a life size portrait of Matty Magee, American bachelor jockey, embroidered on the back while images of frisky colts chase each other around the hem of the skirt, up the sleeves and across the corsage.

Summer millinery made its first appearance, proving that this season's styles will be huge flat, incredibly thin trimmed hats, generally black and dark blue with the edges trimmed, with white and red. Many women, however, carried silk turbans in their handbags in which they changed after the races for tea, many hats being so enormous and fragile that they would be destroyed if worn while dancing. The brims of some of the hats come down to the waist, making dancing difficult, if not impossible, while wearing them.

WEDDING BELLS.

McComb—Hart. Married at Macleod, on Friday, May 5th, 1922, Richard McComb, of Macleod, to Miss Susie Hart, of Calgary. The couple are spending their honeymoon at Banff.

The Newfoundlanders are said to have the finest physique of any English speaking people.

McComb—Hart.

Marrried at Macleod, on Friday, May 5th, 1922, Richard McComb, of Macleod, to Miss Susie Hart, of Calgary. The couple are spending their honeymoon at Banff.

FOR THE CLEVER GIRL WITH HER PENCIL.**Rathwell**

On Wednesday afternoon of last week, at the home of Mrs. J. A. White, the U.F.W.A. of Rathwell, held their fortnightly meeting.

The meeting was opened by the usual prayer and Bible reading, after which the sewing was distributed to each, as it is planned to hold a Tea and Sale of Work by the members at an early date, due notice of which will be given, the proceeds of which are to be devoted to the aid of church work.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and motion adopted.

A communication was read from Mrs. Sears, President of the U.F.W.A., telling of visit in the near future.

A member also reported on a mission given to her to do.

Then followed a warm and interesting debate on a paper read at the last meeting held at the home of Mrs. W. H. Shield. This paper had been brought up at the annual convention at an afternoon session by Mrs. M. H. Roper, but it was then considered to be too momentous a question to be dealt with at such a busy time. On motion of a delegate at that convention it was decided to send a copy to each local to consider the question pro and con, when it will again be brought before the convention to be held next year. The paper dealt in a lengthy manner with the subject: "Is war the inevitable outcome of an over-populated world? Would a studied depopulation overcome many of our social and economic evils?"

This paper was carefully considered and listened to at the last meeting, the debate which followed being warm and interesting, taking up the greater part of the afternoon. A vote being demanded was turned down at the suggestion of the vice-president, when it was decided to leave the matter as it now stands till the next regular meeting, at which time a letter opposing the motion, and written by an American lady, will be read.

The meeting then adjourned to meet at the home of Miss Lovett on the 31st instant.

Mr. and Mrs. E. McCrea entertained a party of their young friends to the number of a round dozen at their home on Wednesday evening. The evening was very pleasantly spent with cards and dancing.

Teddy Marlowe has a splendid grove of trees in front of his home. They are of the cottonwood variety and will average thirty feet in height easily. While other plantations have gradually died out leaving unsightly gaps, friend Teddy's trees remain a prominent landmark to be seen many miles distant.

The Crow's Nest agreement was entered into between the C. P. R. and the government when the Crow's Nest Pass was built. The government then agreed to give the company a subsidy of \$11,000 per mile providing the company would reduce freight rates west of Fort William. During the war the government extended special relief to the railway lines, which relief included a suspension of the Crow's Nest agreement. This suspension expires on July 6th. Just what this agreement means is shown in the difference in freight on a bushel of wheat between Calgary and Fort William, which is 10 cents. A continued suspension, it is claimed, would place a burden upon the agricultural interests of the country, which under existing conditions, it is impossible for them to bear.

IRISH BOY WHO BOSSED NEW YORK.

Richard Croker, whose name became a synonym for the sinister influence of Tammany Hall in American politics, came of an Irish family of great prominence a few centuries back, though the boy's father was a blacksmith who had to travel steerage to the United States. Richard was a Roman Catholic, but it is said that his father was an Orangeman, and, since he found himself surrounded in New York by Roman Catholic Irishmen, any pugilistic prowess he may have possessed was not suffered to rust through lack of exercise. Young Richard was able to go to school until he was fifteen, when he was turned out and expected to support himself. He showed no inclination for the sort of education one derives from books, but he early gave promise of an unusual personality. He seems to have been a born leader, though most of his early leadership was in the direction of mischief. When he became a machinist he became automatically the leader of the shop.

A Noted Fighter.

Before he was of voting age he had become interested in politics. Probably he knew nothing about public affairs, but he knew how to discourage timorous people from voting and found that this knowledge had a money value. His fame as a rough-and-tumble fighter spread. His fights were his only political arguments, and usually they sufficed. In the neighborhood of the old Fourth Avenue tunnel, where Croker and his associates used to congregate, he was the undisputed chieftain, and his word, ecked out by his ready fists, was law upon all questions of ethics, politics and religion. The gang he led had rather an unsavory reputation with the police, and was suspected of the death of more than one citizen. It was in existence before Dick Croker appeared, and he had to thresh most of the members before he was made its general.

In Politics.

One of his brothers became a policeman, and Richard, while still a youth, acquired an interest in a saloon. So far had he progressed that he was elected an alderman when he was 25, as a result of the benevolent influence of Boss Tweed. But presently Croker

became active among the Tammany elements that opposed Tweed, and when the old boss realized the fact he found that Croker was in too strong a position to beat. The young alderman later became a collector of delinquent taxes, and distinguished himself in this office. The delinquents were given anywhere between one and two minutes to decide whether they would pay or take a beating, and most of them chose to pay. When Tweed died in Ludlow Street jail, he was succeeded by Kelly, and Croker became a henchman of Kelly's. So loyal was he that when invited by Kelly to help suppress a rebellion on the part of O'Brien, an O'Brien adherent named McKenna, met his death at the hands of Croker.

Tried For Murder.

Croker was arrested and indicted for murder. The jury stood ten for acquittal and two for conviction, and on the motion of the state's attorney, the case was dismissed, though it forever remained as a stigma upon the name of Croker. The next year, Croker having resigned as coroner, was again elected alderman. He resigned to become Fire Commissioner, and later was appointed City Chamberlain. The offices he held were, as a rule, inconspicuous, and none of them was heavily endowed, but this did not trouble Croker, who looked to other sources for his income, which had become a handsome one from the time he first became alderman. In 1886 he became the leader of Tammany Hall and a power in national politics. The fact that he had been an early advocate of Cleveland for the Presidency added to his reputation for political sagacity.

The Master of New York.

From 1886 to 1893 Richard Croker was the absolute boss of Tammany Hall and New York politics. Then for three years he stepped out of politics, nominating John Sheean, a business partner, as his successor. After three years he returned, stripped Sheean of every vestige of authority, and once more took over the reins. In 1902 he quit finally, and since then resided for the most part in Ireland, where he bred race horses, one of which, Orby, won the Derby. The triumph was not what Croker had looked for, since it did not bring him the coveted presentation to King Edward. His domestic life was an unhappy one. He quarreled with his children and took as his second wife a woman young enough to be his granddaughter, who had a strong infusion of Indian blood. Richard Croker was a very rich man as the result of improving opportunities that occurred to him when he was the master of New York City.

FOR THE CLEVER GIRL WITH HER PENCIL.

For the girl who is clever with her pencil, and to whom hard work is a pleasure, there should be a big opening for illustrative work. Two things, however, are essential, her drawing must be really first-class, and she must be prepared to work regularly and persistently. She should always remember that one can never finish learning, and, no matter how good a piece of work may be, the next can be better. The writer was working with an advertising firm for several years, and came into touch with many young girls who brought samples of their work, hoping to sell them or to receive orders. It was astonishing to see how few there were who brought good saleable work, and the advice in most cases was the same: "Go back and study for a year or two before attempting to bring your work into the market."

The period of training, of course, depends upon the ability of the student, and the training is not just so many hours a day spent in a studio, for observation and general knowledge should become part of her work. If she were suddenly asked to draw an omnibus, would she know just where to place the wheels, and would she know how many spokes to put in each wheel?

The artist, having arrived at the point where her work is accurate enough for reproduction should have decided where her particular style of work is most likely to be in demand. There are so many different channels, for instance: Illustration, magazine covers, black and white advertisements, posters, show-cards, music covers, and so on.

The next point for consideration is where to place her work. For magazine covers or illustrations, a list of publishers can be made from a directory, and by the same means, a list of music publishers can be made. It is particularly important that the artist should never call upon an editor or manufacturer without samples of her work.

For book illustrations she would find it useful to prepare a set of pictures illustrating a well-known story. If her particular line is illustrating children's books, and especially if she can write the text in prose or verse, an effective plan would be to prepare an original book. In the case of magazine covers it is useful to watch the magazines on the book stalls, and become acquainted with the particular style of each publication.

When submitting poster designs it is not necessary to make a finished piece of work, a neat, "rough sketch" showing the color scheme is all that is required. In posters and show-cards the lettering is of great importance, and if no lettering is shown on the "rough" plenty of space should be left for it. In color work, such as posters, show-cards, magazine or music covers, it is important to remember that the fewer colors used the less expensive will be the reproduction, and the artist should aim at simple, though striking and effective color schemes.

Houses rents have commenced to fall, but rents in pocket books seem to continue at about the same old standard.

AN IDEAL SPRING TONIC

PE-RU-NA is more than a dependable remedy for Coughs, Colds and Catarrhal conditions of the stomach and liver. It is a Tonic Laxative of known virtue and established merit, regulating the bowels and correcting constipation.

PE-RU-NA COMPANY, 344 St. Paul St., Montreal

Additional Locals

riding slipping on the cement crossing.

The news that the R. C. M. Police is to be reduced to 1000 men was received at this post during the week. It is understood that members who wish to enter civilian life are now being offered a free discharge during the month of June.

Staff-sgt. Alexander and Sgt-major Armer are to be retired from the R. C. M. Police on pension. The former has served 38 years, the latter having taken on the strength three years later. Both men are well and favorably known to Macleod people having been stationed at this post for many years.

It is just about fifty years since the first white settlers came to Macleod. Why can't some of the old timers give us some of their experiences in the early days from time to time through this paper. In another fifty years and with irrigation in full operation we will not be the size we are now, and these would be historical records to refer back to, besides letting the present day settler know the hardships and pleasures of the early days.

A farmer friend took exception to the local appearing in last week's paper claiming that grasshoppers were damaging the crops. He says this is not so—that they have not as yet left the sod where they were hatched. To be forewarned is to be forearmed. Undoubtedly the grasshoppers are hatching out in large numbers and preparing to invade the fields. A grave danger threatens and it can only be overcome by concerted action on the part of farmers everywhere. We don't want a repetition of last season's trouble.

There is a report current concerning the winter killing of alfalfa. On the other side of the line a weevil has made its appearance which is said to kill the alfalfa plants. Whether the winter killing of alfalfa in parts of Southern Alberta is due to this cause is being enquired into by a party of government entomologists. In the vicinity of Macleod no winter killing has been reported as yet. The plots of both Turkstan and Grims looking particularly healthy a growth of several inches already being made.

The Rose Ball given under the auspices of the G.W.V.A. in their hall on Victoria Day, proved to be a splendid success. This was, without a doubt, the best dance which has ever been held in Macleod. The roses, which were procured from Arthur Young of the K.A.Y., were a unique feature of the occasion, each dancer being presented with one. The music was especially good and was provided by the Bremner Orchestra. The lunch which was provided by the ladies of the town was of excellent quality. The G.W.V.A. wishes to take this opportunity of thanking the ladies who provided the supper.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. McDonald, the Misses Hicks and Lambert, and R. J. E. Gardiner, motored to Granum on Tuesday evening, to arrange for the Macleod Follies to give their concert and dramatic entertainment, which was recently given so successfully in Macleod. The date fixed for the concert is Thursday, June 1st. The purpose for which this entertainment is being given is to raise money for prizes to be given to Macleod school children at the closing of the schools for the summer holidays. This laudable work was previously undertaken by the I.O.D.E. The chaperones for the young people on their visit to Granum will be Mrs. Kerr-Seymour and Mrs. J. W. McDonald.

It is proposed to tax Americans working in Canada and residing in the U. S. 8 per cent. on their incomes. Why not? That is what Americans are doing to Canadians who reside here and work in the U. S.

THE MUNICIPAL PLAN, DIRECTED BY THE Hail Insurance Board

on account of giving the protection at cost has, in the three years of its operation, saved the Farmers of Alberta considerably over

One Million Dollars

in premiums. In addition to this the Board is commencing the 1922 season \$230,000.00 further ahead than they were when the Act came into operation. They are

BETTER PREPARED THAN EVER

to handle your business this year. For particulars refer to your Calendar, see the Secretary-Treasurer of your Municipal District, or write the Hail Insurance Board, 22 Canada Life Bldg., Calgary.

Measure by Your Purse

If you are like most of us you are apt these days to measure things by your pocket-book. If an Exide Battery will really give you longer service and freedom from repairs, you want one when the time comes to replace the battery in your car, and when you buy a new car you want to be sure it is Exide-equipped.

One way to find out is to ask people who own Exides. Not only was Exide the original automobile battery, but more cars leave the factories today equipped with Exides than with any other battery.

Since the beginning of the battery industry Exide has been earning its reputation for ruggedness and long-lasting power. You owe yourself an Exide, not just because of the comfort, but because it is a genuine economy.

Therefore, we say, insist on an Exide and if you have any trouble in getting one, write us or our nearest district distributor.

District Distributors:

T. H. PEACOCK,
216, 12th Ave. W., CALGARY ALTA.

EXIDE BATTERIES OF CANADA, LIMITED
153 Dufferin Street, TORONTO.

THE LONG-LIFE BATTERY FOR YOUR CAR

FINEST JOB **PRINTING!**

The Macleod Times has one of the most up-to-date Printing Plants in Western Canada.

We have the material to do the work with and skilled mechanics—adepts at the attaining that finished appearance in your printing that your taste calls for.

WE DO UP-TO-DATE PRINTING

Better Printing Than Is Done In Most City Shops.

IT IS TO YOUR ADVANTAGE

To Get Your Printing Done At Home Where You Can Get First-Class Work And Keep Your Money In The Home Community.

WE DO GOOD PRINTING At RIGHT PRICES

PHONE 91

THE MACLEOD TIMES

The MACLEOD TIMES

IS YOUR SUBSCRIPTION PAID?

READ THE LABEL ON YOUR PAPER

It will tell you the date to which your subscription is paid---in case you find you are from one to fourteen years in arrears (some of 'em are) just drop in and square up, and see what a pleasure it is to

**BE ABLE TO CONTEMPLATE THE LABEL ON YOUR
PAPER WITHOUT BECOMING RED IN THE FACE!**

Macleod Supply Co. Ltd.

Groceries Crockery

Fresh Fruits and Vegetables arriving regularly, Tomatoes, Cauliflower, Rhubarb, Lettuce, Green Onions, etc.

Fresh Shipment of Pineapples expected this week from Porto Rico

Crockery

Plain white and Clover Leaf at reduced prices

International Stock Food & Calf Meal

"The Store of Quality"

Prompt Delivery Service

Phone 8

Millinery for Spring

Pattern Hats to Suit Everyone. Children's Hats at \$2.00 each. Have you seen our New Suit Blouses in Tricolette? They are beauties

MISS A. M. WILSON

DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES GROCERIES, Etc.

Who can resist the delights of the opening up of Spring that tempts the householder, after the substitutes we have been contented with in evaporated fruits and vegetables with canned goods of all varieties. The time has arrived when the progressive storekeeper trims his window with tempting tropical and home raised fruits, vegetables or delicious salads. It makes your mouth water to see how he displays them in the window. Beautiful strawberries blushing at the amorous glances of the passers by. Pinapples in their southern isolation. Apples with a skin you love to touch, without the aid of cosmetics. If you anticipate a home made salad we have all the ingredients—the delicious spring onion, head lettuce with a heart of virgin whiteness, celery with its never forgotten flavor, especially when taken out of its mother earth fresh and crisp; cauliflower and new cabbage, oh, and so many other delicacies too numerous to mention. The writer is eating a banana—oh, it is good. Oranges are too luxuriant to describe. Then all kinds of iced drinks—we have the drinks but you make or buy your own ice. Perhaps you like bewitching Sherberts—well we have all these eye openers at the lowest prices.

In Dry Goods the range of fancy dress Voiles, Organzies, Ginghams, Prints is very comprehensive at prices to meet the slender pocket book.

Boots and Shoes at special clearing out prices. White wear of all descriptions. Fleet-foot for everyone in the family. Hosiery for men, women and children. Don't forget that our place is the sole agency for Hole-Proof Hosiery. Till another harvest comes round our profits will be divided with you. We have got to assist each other.

REACH & Co.

Semi-ready Clothing
Boys' Jack o' Leather Suits
Boys' Knickerbockers, \$2.25
to \$3.00
Rain Coats from \$8.50 up.
Suits to Measure, \$25 and up

J. W. MOREASH, MERCHANT TAILOR
CLEANING DYEING PRESSING

BIG DANCE

THE MEMBERS OF THE 93rd BATTERY WILL GIVE A BIG DANCE ON

FRIDAY, June 9th, '22
IN THE ARMORIES HALL

MACLEOD.

DANCING TO COMMENCE AT 9 p.m.

SUPPER WILL BE SERVED
First-class Music

ADMISSION:—

GENTLEMEN, \$1.00

LADIES, \$1.00

LOCAL AND PERSONAL NEWS

Wednesday was an ideal day for a holiday.

Mrs. Crow across the track is adding a large verandah to her home.

Mrs. R. J. E. Gardiner returned from Edmonton on Monday night.

The water is thick and muddy and running high in the river these days.

Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Mackie were weekend visitors to Calgary last week.

George Pearson is well on with the seeding of 400 acres on his farm at the Kootenai.

The tennis court on 17th Street and 4th Avenue is very popular with the young people these days.

Operations at the dam were suspended late last week owing to a high stage of water in the river.

Sid Baker's auction sale of crockery and glassware last Saturday attracted numerous buyers.

Mr. George H. Scougal has a large number of cars of hay arriving and his draymen are kept busy.

Clement Ferguson is up from Trinity College, Toronto, spending his holidays with his parents.

A number of painters have been busy for some time painting the C.P.R. station, freight shed and houses here.

Large quantities of supplies are being hauled out to the contractors' camp on the line of the Lethbridge Northern.

The different grasshopper plants around here are using McLaren Lumber Company's Silver Saw Dust—good by grasshopper!

Mr. Doney on 18th Street has had his home painted. It was also noticed that four other homes in that vicinity were being painted.

The C. P. R. provided free transportation for the recent shipment of young fish placed in the Waterton Lakes, Belly and St. Mary's rivers this week.

Mrs. Percy Shaw, of Calgary, is spending a few days this week with Mrs. R. J. E. Gardiner, on her way to Blairmore, where she will spend a short holiday.

At the Mennonite settlement on Belly River seeding operations are going on apace. Already over 1400 acres have been seeded to wheat and this acreage will be more than doubled. There will be considerable summer-fallowing done this season.

A valuable duck dog, the property of H. Stockton, died from the effects of poison on Saturday last. The animal was highly trained and valued at \$200. A dog belonging to Mr. Whipple picked up some of the poison but recovered. The placing of poison on or near a public thoroughfare is a misdemeanor and punishable by a heavy fine.

The passage of an act creating a national wheat marketing agency with powers similar to those of the Canada Wheat Board of 1919, and to become effective when two or more of the provinces have consented upon this agency power possessed by the late wheat board, was recommended to parliament on the 17th inst. The Liberal members are reported to have voted almost solidly against the resolution.

A chicken hawk with a spread of wing nearly ten feet from tip to tip was shot recently by a farmer near Hillcrest. It seems a great pity to destroy these birds as they are great insect destroyers. The number of mice and gophers they also get away with in a season would be surprising if known. Our advice would be to overlook the loss of an occasional chicken as the harm done in that direction is more than offset by the good done in the extermination of insect pests.

R. W. Russell
Jeweller and Optometrist

Bedding Out Plants
Snapdragon, Pansies
Asters, etc.,
CAN BE PLANTED OUT NOW
IN STOCK AT
K.A.Y. REALTY CO.
SEE OUR WINDOW

Farmers are shipping large quantities of cream to Calgary and outside points.

The golf links were never in better shape—and very popular with a large number of people.

We are pleased to hear that an improvement is reported in the condition of Mrs. G. C. Raitt.

Mr. Black and staff of Dominion Land Surveyors arrived Saturday and are located close to MacKenzie Bridge.

The bulk of the seeding to wheat has been done. In some parts the ground is reported as drying out rapidly.

The streets are yellow with the bloom of the dandelion. It is said that this plant makes an excellent wine. Is it necessary to say more?

Mr. D. J. Cummings on 16th Street is having his home remodeled. When this work is completed it will be one of the prettiest homes in Macleod.

Mrs. J. T. Doney returned from Edmonton last Monday evening, having been visiting with friends there during the past two weeks.

It is reported on what is presumed to be good authority that Charlie Chaplin will spend his summer holidays at Waterton Lakes National Park. How about inviting him to Macleod?

SHOE REPAIRING

Men's, Women's and Children's
AT MODERATE PRICES

RUBBER HEELS, POLISHES,
LACES, ETC., AT

W. K. MACKIE

On the Corner, Next Town Hall.

SPORT SKIRTS Misses' Dresses

Newest Styles and Patterns, plain and pleated in Sport Skirts

Misses' Dresses, latest designs in cut and decorations

R. T. BARKER



The Tire That Means Most in Long Mileage, Economy and Comfort to Canadian Motorists These Days is:



DUNLOP TRACTION CORD

Dunlop Cords, with Dunlop Extra Heavy Service Tubes, make the ideal tire equipment for every car, any place and in all weathers.

Some two years ago I purchased two Dunlop Traction Cord Tires, 32x4. Since placing them on my Columbia Car I have covered 18,500 miles. In view of the almost uninterrupted service they have given, and still are giving, I feel it is my duty to inform you of the great satisfaction I have received from their use. Also, I must congratulate your Company on the high standard of quality that is put into the manufacture of tires, to enable them to give such service.

In Dunlop Cord Tires you have "Traction" and "Ribbed" to choose from.

In Dunlop Fabric Tires you have "Traction," "Ribbed," "Special," "Clipper," "Plain."

Dunlop Tire & Rubber Goods Co., Limited

Head Office and Factories: Toronto

Branches in the Leading Cities

Mr. A. Young of the K.A.Y., 2nd

Avenue, is selling a large quantity of bedding out plants this year, as well

as trees and flowers. These are daily shipments. He has also erected a fine greenhouse, and is raising many fine plants.

Lethbridge will invest in \$100 worth of poisoned grasshopper bait which will be placed on city property. In Macleod last year the hoppers were very numerous. The plan to be adopted by Lethbridge might be employed here to good advantage.

Messrs. Inkster and staff, Chief Divisional Engineers on the Lethbridge Northern Irrigation Survey for the Dominion Government, have opened an office on main street.

(Locals Continued on Page Five)

A GREAT SUCCESS

Our opening last Saturday proved a great success. A great many people visited the store and purchased goods and we hope they all went away satisfied. Anyone having a complaint to make will do us a favor in coming and telling us about it.

FREE NEXT SATURDAY

In order to introduce OUR SPECIAL 60c FRESHLY ROASTED COFFEE we will give away one pound of this very finest coffee to everyone making a purchase of \$10.00 or over.

FRESH FRUIT AND VEGETABLES

As is customary in all our stores we handle Fresh Fruits and Vegetables very extensively and sell them at a very low margin above cost. We have a special lot coming for Saturday this week end.

A FEW OF OUR PRICES

FRESH STRAWBERRIES—California	25c
Dollar brand, per basket	25c
RHUBARB, 3 lbs. for	25c
COCONUTS—Each	15c and 20c
HEAD LETTUCE—Each	15c and 20c
NEW CABBAGE—Per pound	10c
LEMONS—Per dozen	40c
CUCUMBERS—Each	35c
SWEET POTATOES—2 lbs. for	25c
CELERY—Per pound	20c
GRAPEFRUIT—Florida, 2 for	35c
RIPE TOMATOES—Per pound	35c
PURE LOGANBERRY JAM—4-lb. tins	90c
PURE STRAWBERRY JAM—4-lb. tins	\$1.00
APEX, STRAWBERRY & APPLE—	
Per tin	65c
CORN SYRUP—Pennick Brand, 10-lb. pails	95c
ROGER'S GOLDEN SYRUP—10-lb. pails	81.05
GINGER SNAPS—Per pound	20c
SODA BISCUITS—Wooden boxes, dollar size, each	85c
FAIRY SODAS—Salted or plain, new size package, each	18c
PURE LARD—3-lb. pails, each	65c
PURE LARD—5-lb. pails, each	\$1.10
CANNED TOMATOES—Solid pack, 2 tins for	45c
CANNED CORN—Choice quality, 2 for	35c
CANNED PEAS—Per tin	22c
CHEESE—Finest Ontario, per pound	25c
GRANULATED SUGAR—	
10-lb. sacks	90c
20-lb. sacks	\$1.75
100-lb. sacks	\$8.25
FLOUR—Our Best, 98-lb. sacks	\$4.00
FLOUR—Model, 49-lb. sacks	\$2.10
FLOUR—Model, 24-lb. sacks	\$1.10
FAIRY SOAP—3 cakes for	25c
LENNOX SOAP—11 bars for	50c

REMEMBER we deliver all orders of \$3.00 free within the town limits providing there is no sugar or flour on the order. Or we deliver all orders of \$5.00 and over free regardless of what is on the order.

THE GOOD COMPANY (MACLEOD) LIMITED
(IN OLD HUDSON'S BAY STORE) PHONE No. 167